

July 26, 2023

Welcome and Overview

Lisa Milella

WJCCA President Juvenile Clerk, Washington County

Justin Wolff

Legal Advisor, Children's Court Improvement Program

Learning Objectives

- 1. Learn about the Children's Court Improvement Program and the WJCCA organization
- 2. Identify the various resources available to Juvenile Clerks
- 3. Obtain information about juvenile court clerk practice
- 4. Learn about new clerk mentorship

BINDER MATERIALS

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CIP

ONLINE MATERIALS

New Clerk Orientation Materials available at:

www.wicciptraining.com

"Resources" tab at the top of the screen>
Training Materials>WJCCA



Overview of WJCCA and CCIP

Linda Redman

Register in Probate/Juvenile Clerk, Crawford County

Justin Wolff

Legal Advisor, Children's Court Improvement Program

HISTORY OF THE ASSOCIATION

- Formation of the Wisconsin Juvenile Court Clerk Association (WJCCA)
- First Meeting April 1987
 Stevens Point, Wisconsin
- Constitution and Bylaws





CHANGES SINCE 1987

- Role of the Juvenile Clerk
 - Workload
 - Laws
 - Technology
- In 2007, partnership with the CCIP to co-sponsor the WJCCA New Juvenile Clerk Orientation and Annual Conference



HOW CAN WJCCA HELP YOU?

- Support
- Networking
- Educational Opportunities
- Listserv for Juvenile Clerks





WEBSITES

COURTNET



- Court staff only
- Model record keeping and other procedures
- Bulletins
- Travel forms
- Calendars and directories

WICOURTS.GOV



- Public website
- Standard court forms and form summaries
- WCCA
- Opinions
- Court system organization

COURTNET ICON





CONTACTS

- Join the Juvenile Clerks listserv by sending email:
 - o To: LISTSERV@LIST1.WICOURTS.GOV
 - Subject: Leave blank
 - Body of Message: SUB Juvenile-Court-Clerks MAIL Your Name (e.g. "SUB Juvenile-Court-Clerks MAIL Terry Reynolds")
- Add name to Juvenile Court Clerks group e-mail address
 - o If not already included in group, contact CCAP



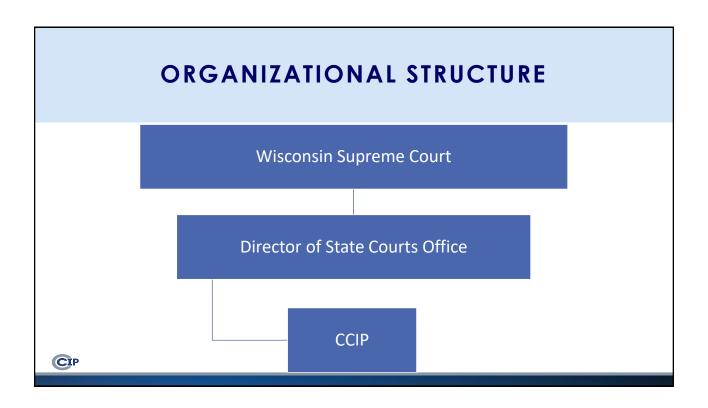
CHILDREN'S COURT IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM

- CCIP = Children's Court Improvement Program
- Federal grant began in 1995
 - Expanded in 2005
 - All 50 states, D.C., Puerto Rico, and U.S. Virgin Islands receive funding



Grant continues to be reauthorized by Congress





CCIP STAFF

- Answer questions and provide technical assistance to clerks, judges, attorneys, tribes, county agencies, DCF, etc.
 - Bridget Mauerman, Director
 - Bridget.Mauerman@wicourts.gov
 - Kristen Wetzel, Legal Advisor
 - Kristen.Wetzel@wicourts.gov
 - Justin Wolff, Legal Advisor
 - Justin.Wolff@wicourts.gov
 - Hilary Xayvong, Program Assistant
 - Hilary.Xayvong@wicourts.gov



CCIP Trainings

- WJCCA New Clerk Orientation & Conference
- Child Welfare Law Orientation
 - o Annual, required program for all circuit court judges to attend once within each 6-year term
- Conference on Child Welfare and the Courts Sept. 27-29, 2023 in Wisconsin Dells
 - o Co-sponsored by Wisconsin Department of Children & Families (DCF)
 - o Multidisciplinary, including judicial officers, juvenile clerks & DCAs
 - In-Person or virtual attendance available (Free!)
- Webinars
 - Upcoming: Understanding and Assessing Child Maltreatment Related Statements of Children
 8/16/2023 from 12:00-1:30 p.m.
 - o Recordings of past webinars and resources available at: wicciptraining.com
- Juvenile Clerks Meet-Up
 - Next Meet-Up: Sept. 13, 2023 from 12:00 p.m. 1:00 p.m.



CCIP GRANT ACTIVITIES

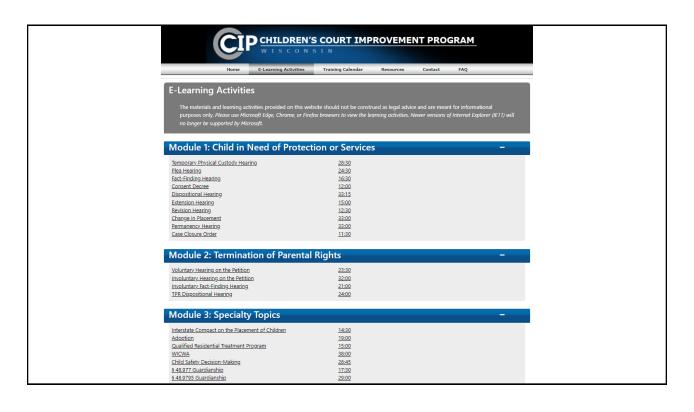
- Improvement Efforts
 - Tailored Dispositional Orders Project
 - WICWA Continuous Quality Improvement Reviews
 - TPR Timeliness Project
 - Judicial Engagement Team (JET) Initiative
- Committees
 - Wisconsin Judicial Committee on Child Welfare
 - Wisconsin Commission on Children, Families and the Courts
 - Subcommittees as needed
 - Juvenile Clerks Workgroup

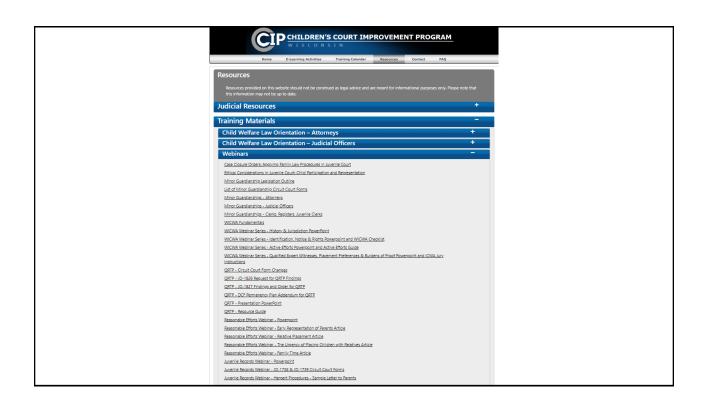


CCIP E-Learning Activities www.wicciptraining.com

- Online training resource for CHIPS, TPR, guardianship, adoption, and other child welfare proceedings and topics
- 21 learning activities
 - ► Currently undergoing design updates
- Each activity is 10-35 minutes
- Judicial officers may earn 2.6 Judicial Education Credits each reporting period
- Contains statutory requirements, case law, best practices, and case management tips
- Hyperlinks to statutory references and forms







ICEBREAKERS

Mentor Information

Jody Bartels

Register in Probate/Juvenile Clerk, Grant County

Tips for New Juvenile Clerks

Jessica Hermann

Register in Probate, Chippewa County

Justin Wolff

Legal Advisor, Children's Court Improvement Program

Case Numbering

- When using alpha suffixes, limit to same child/juvenile in the same calendar year.
 - o Correct: 09JV01, 09JV01A, 09JV01B
 - Incorrect: 08JV01, 09JV01A, 11JV01B
 - Note: to use alpha suffixes, auto-sequencing must be turned off and case number entered manually.
- Open one TP case for each termination of parental rights (TPR) petition filed; not one for each parent.
 - Unless filed under two separate petitions.
 - May want to add note under charges indicating which grounds apply to which parent.



Case Opening

- Open a Juvenile Guardianship (JG) case for § 48.977, § 48.9795, or § 48.831 guardianship of the minor person.
 - Create separate JG case for each § 48.9795 petition filed on same child (i.e., emergency, temporary, limited, full).
 - Create separate JG case for Ch. 48 guardianships where child/juvenile is subject to a CHIPS/JIPS; do not file guardianship in the JC/JV case.
- Open a Guardianship (GN) case for a Ch. 54 guardianship of estate of a minor.
 - If a guardianship of the person and estate are consolidated, both cases should be consolidated into the JG case.



Case Opening cont'd.

- Only use Juvenile Injunction (JI) case type when:
 - Respondent is a child, or
 - o There is a pending CHIPS case involving the same child victim.
- Use Group Juvenile (GJ) case type when appropriate, including:
 - Temporary Physical Custody without a petition.
 - Cross-reference the GJ with JC/JV, if filed.
 - Search warrants.
 - Denied Temporary Restraining Order.
 - o TPR Consent for case in another jurisdiction.
 - Orders denying jurisdiction.
 - Voluntary Placement Agreement or Delegation of Parental Powers
 - Indian child.
 - Unless there is already an open case.
 - Appeal of agency's maltreatment substantiation decision.
 - Restoration of parents' names on birth certificate.
 - Firearm restriction removal for restrictions placed in different county.
 - Access to agency and law enforcement records, if no case filed or filed in a different county.

CIP

Case Management

- Cross-reference, at minimum, all CHIPS, TPR, guardianship, and adoption cases for the same child.
- Dismiss cases with a consent decree in CCAP once the consent decree has expired.
 - No additional filing or court action required.
 - Use CDTD (Consent Decree Termination Date) activity code.
- File paperwork related to permanency planning in TP case (not JC) after parental rights have been terminated.
 - Do not send parents notices after rights are terminated; withdraw as parties after 30 days.
- Enter APRO (Administrative Permanency Review Occurred) event code in CCAP using date the admin/panel review occurred.
 - Use the APRSF code when the summary is filed.



Parties and Notice

- Use Notice Recipient feature to electronically send case participants (w/ email addresses) CCAP generated notices.
 - o CCAP generated orders may also be sent via the Notice Recipient feature.
- Enter child's/juvenile's foster parent/relative caregiver as a Notice Recipient in CCAP and send notice of all hearings directly to foster parent/relative caregiver (not to the child).
- Additionally, send notice of the Permanency Hearing to:
 - The child's/juvenile's school.
 - Operator of the facility if the child/juvenile is placed in a group home, residential treatment center, or other facility.
- Use Notice of Permanency Hearing form (JD/IW-1700) to provide notice and additional advisements applicable to Permanency Hearings.

Parties and Notice cont'd.

- Refer CHIPS cases to the State Public Defender's Office (SPD) for appointment of adversary counsel when child is 12 years or older at time of any hearing.
 - Court has authority to refer children under 12 in CHIPS cases, any child in a TPR case, or a minor parent in a CHIPS case to SPD for appointment of counsel, if appropriate.
 - Send notices of all post-dispositional hearings to local SPD using the Notice Recipient feature by adding the local office as a Notice Recipient.
- Send the Notice to School Board (JD-1725) in CHIPS, JIPS, and delinquency cases when appropriate, including:
 - Delinquency petition alleging felony offense AND any subsequent dismissal.
 - Any delinquency adjudication (not consent decree).
 - Attending school is a condition of a CHIPS/JIPS dispositional order.
- © Child's/juvenile's school changes as a result of a dispositional order.

Transfer of Venue

- When transferring a case from one county to another county, transfer case electronically using procedures found at: http://help.wicourts.gov/cc/index.htm
- If a case is being transferred post-disposition, the disposition code of COVCC (Change of Venue - Closed Case) will automatically be entered as an event in the receiving county's case.
- When transferring a case to a tribal court, use circuit court forms IW-1740 and IW-1741 and follow the procedures contained in the ICWA Model Record Keeping Procedures.



Court Orders (if performed by clerk)

- Provide the specific name of the placement on the dispositional order when the child/juvenile is placed outside the home.
- Enter one child per order only. Prepare separate orders for sibling cases.
- Prepare an order for change in placement when the child's placement is changed with or without a hearing.
- Adjust expiration date for an out-of-home to in-home change in placement if the current expiration date is longer than a year from the change in placement order.
- Ensure written TPR warnings (JD-1753) and conditions of return are attached to court orders when child/juvenile is placed out of the home or a parent is denied visitation.
 - Dispositional Order, Change in Placement, Extension, Revision, Permanency Hearing.
 - Some of these orders already have TPR warnings incorporated, as designated by use of "T" suffix in the form name (ex.: JD-1791T).
 - TPR warnings not necessary post-TPR, both parents deceased or prior TPR, or at court discretion (older youth/delinquency where TPR is not a realistic outcome).



Court Orders Attaching TPR Warnings & Conditions

- Discussion: How are counties attaching TPR Warnings and Conditions of Return to associated orders?
 - Required to be attached to a number of JC and JV orders
 - May need to be proven in any subsequent TPR case
 - Proposed order is required to be submitted as Word document, but attachments submitted as PDF
 - Show up as linked in CCAP (court access), but do not appear as "attached" in eFiling



Wisconsin Indian Child Welfare Act (WICWA)

- Use the applicable WICWA circuit court forms (designated by "IW" prefix) and model recordkeeping procedures when case is subject to the Wisconsin Indian Child Welfare Act.
 - Use standard forms and procedures for CHIPS/JIPS cases when an Indian child is placed in the home of a parent and for all delinquency cases.
- Refer both parents and any Indian custodians in CHIPS and JIPS cases to SPD when the case is subject to WICWA for appointment counsel if indigent.
- Use the WICWA maintenance code, CSTW (Case Subject to WICWA), when the case is subject to WICWA.
 - Use CNSTW (Case Not Subject to WICWA) maintenance code if it is later determined WICWA does not apply.



New Clerk Orientation Buzz Session SANDRA RHEAD, DUNN COUNTY JUVENILE CLERK KRISTEN WETZEL, CCIP LEGAL ADVISOR

History event code guides are available on CourtNet on the bottom of the Model Record Keeping page. History event code guides HOME History event code guides History event code guides Adult guardianships Output Output Ninor guardianships Output Ninor guardianships

Form Summaries JC-1611 Dispositional Order - Protection or Services (Chapter 48) 09/08/2022 <u>Form English</u> Formal order of the court detailing the disposition in a Ch. 48 juvenile in need of protection or □ Form English services (CHIPS) case. This does not apply to a Ch. 938 Juvenile in need of protection or services. ☐ Form Spanish 🖟 CCAP form. ☐ Form Spanish 🗟 Pursuant to the requirements of the Federal Indian Child Welfare, Act and accompanying regulations of the Bureau of Indian Affairs, the court must make inquiry on the record in all cases whether any party has reason to believe that the child is an Indian child. The responses shall be recorded in the record. Additionally, the court must order the parties to disclose any such belief, should additional information become available. FORM SUMMARY Dispositional Order - Protection or Services (Chapter 48) §§48.345, 48.355, 48.356, 48.78(2)(ag) and (aj), Wisconsin Statutes Statutory Reference: Renchbook Reference: Approval Date: 09/08/2022 Release Date: 11/10/2022 Formal order of the court detailing the disposition in a ch. 48 child in need of protection or services (CHIPS) case (this does not apply to a ch. 938 juvenile in need of protection or services). Purpose of Form: Who Completes It: Court clerk, corporation counsel or district attorney. JC-1611s, Dispositional Order – Protection or Services BY THE COURT: Circuit Court Judge/Circuit Court Commissioner. THIS IS A FINAL ORDER FOR THE PURPOSE OF APPEAL IF Who Signs It: RMC recommends that the court not rely upon attachments alone as the basis for its findings. Where attachments are used, specific reference to the document title, page and paragraph should be made. SIGNED BY A CIRCUIT COURT JUDGE. Court, Child's Guardian ad Litem/Adversary Counsel, Parents, Parents' Attorney(s), Child's Guardian/Legal Custodian/Trustee, District Attorney/Corporation Counsel, Caseworker and Court Appointed Special Advocate (CASA). Distribution of Form: RMC has concerns that out of home placements ordered to be effective in the future may violate ASFA rules. One suggested procedure in these cases is to first enter a dispositional order placing \$48.363 upon the actual removal from the home. Another option is to adjourn the dispositional hearing until the actual removal date. Accompanying Forms: New Form/Modification: Modified; last update 08/21 This form is the product of the Wisconsin Records Management Committee, a committee of the Director of State Court's Office and a mandate of the Wisconsin Judicial Conference. About this Form: Modifications: Updated distribution list. NOTE: JC-1611T contains TPR Notice. TPR Notice should be provided for out-of-home cases and when a parent is denied periods of physical placement or visitation. If you have additional information that does not change the meaning of the form, attach it on a separate page. The form itself shall not be altered.

Distribution Lists

- Distribution lists have been updated on the bottom left of each Circuit Court form.
- Each form summary also contains a distribution list

DISTRIBUTION:

- 1. Court
- 2. Child's Guardian ad Litem/Adversary Counsel
- 3. Parents
- 4. Parents' Attorney(s)
- 5. Child's Guardian/Legal Custodian/Trustee
- 6. District Attorney/Corporation Counsel
- Caseworker
- 8. Court Appointed Special Advocate (CASA)

Party vs. Notice Recipient

- Party
 - Petitioner
 - ▶ Child
 - Child's Attorney and/or Guardian ad Litem
 - Parent
 - ▶ Mother
 - Father
 - Parent's attorney(s)
 - ▶ Guardian
 - Indian Custodian and Legal Custodian
 - ▶ Tribe if the case is subject to ICWA

- Notice Recipient
 - Case Worker
 - In addition to filing regular documents as non-party filer, case workers can file initiating documents.
 - Agency
 - Alleged father
 - ▶ Foster parent and Physical Custodian
 - Grandparent and relative
 - CASA
 - School, group home, residential treatment center, shelter home

*Attorneys cannot be added for notice recipients, only parties.

Attorney for Foster Parent or Relative

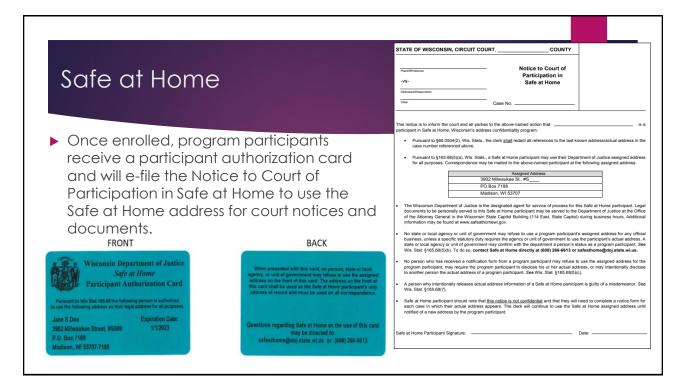
- ▶ The attorney for a foster parent or relative <u>cannot</u> opt-in to the case.
 - ▶ They should also be entered as a Notice Recipient.
- ► The foster parent or relative is not considered a party to the action. See s. 48.27(3)(a)1m.
 - ▶ They are entitled to notice of all hearings, opportunity to be heard, and object to change in placement.
- ▶ The foster parent, relative, and attorney would need a court order to access the records in the court file.

Cross referencing

- ► Cross-referencing is visible to parties. However, confidential cross-referenced cases will only appear to parties that are on both cases. If the case number hyperlink appears, the hyperlink would take the individual to the cross-referenced case in WCCA.
- When a party on a confidential case clicks on the cross-referenced case number hyperlink, an authenticated WCCA webpage opens, verifying they are on the crossreferenced case already without restriction as a second check, and then the party is allowed to view the cross-referenced case record.
- ▶ For example, if a JV case was cross-referenced with another JV case, and the filer did not have access to that other case, they would not see that case number appear in the cross-referenced section.
 - ▶ If the cross-referenced case was something that is not confidential, the filer would be able to then see the case number and bring it up in WCCA to view.

Safe at Home

- ▶ Safe at Home is a statewide address confidentiality program for victims of actual or threatened domestic abuse, child abuse, sexual abuse, stalking, and trafficking, or those who simply fear for their physical safety.
- Participants use and receive mail at an assigned address in Madison in lieu of their actual address.
- https://www.doj.state.wi.us/ocvs/safe-home



Safe at Home Memo

- Safe at Memo to Clerks from Amber Peterson – January 29, 2019
- On CourtNet under Resources, Court Operations memos

Important Notes Regarding "Notice to Court of Participation in Safe at Home" No fee to file the form. CCAP court record event: NSAH (Notice to court of participation in safe at home) Address Redaction Checklist Adding the NSAH court record event adds an SH (Safe at Home Participant) maintenance bar to the case ✓ Court minutes • The Notice form is not confidential. ✓ All documents, including the distribution lists on Unlike other motions to seal and redact information, it is the <u>clerk's responsibility</u> to search the file for all references to the address. Participants are not required to indicate the location of each reference to their the Notice of Hearing court original documents address in the court record. Additional text of the Clerks are not required to retain the participant's actual CAN (Change of address notification) court record address once it has been replaced with the assigned address. Clerks can keep it, but it must be retained in a confidential manner and not disclosed to anyone, event except pursuant to court order. Erasing the actual address better protects against It is the participant's responsibility to notify the court of enrollment in Safe at Home for every new court case. If a participant has notified the court in one case and a subscase is filed, it is not the clerk's responsibility to determine if parties are enrolled.

Holidays excluded from the TPC Hearing calculation

- ▶ TPC Hearing must be held within 48 hours of custody decision for CHIPS cases
 - ► Chapter 938 cases 24 hours end of the day
- ▶ §48.21(1)(a) and § 938.21(1)(a) only exclude "legal holidays" from the calculation.
- § 995.20 defines legal holidays: New Year's Day, Martin Luther King Jr. Day, Presidents Day, Memorial Day, Juneteenth Day, 4th of July, Labor Day, Columbus Day, Veterans Day, Thanksgiving Day, Christmas Day, and certain election days.
 - ▶ The day after Thanksgiving, Christmas Eve, New Year's Eve, courthouse closures, and additional county holidays are not excluded from the calculation.

What hearings can court commissioners hear?

- ► CHIPS, UCHIPS, JIPS, Delinquency §757.69 (1)(g)
 - ► Temporary Physical Custody Hearings (TPC)
 - Plea Hearings
 - ► Emergency Change in Placement Hearings
 - ▶ Permanency Hearings
 - ▶ Enter into consent decrees
- §48.9795 Guardianships A Court Commissioner can only hear uncontested §48.9795 guardianship proceedings. §757.69 (1)(g)
- § 48.977 Guardianships A Court Commissioner <u>cannot</u> hear §48.977 guardianship proceedings. §757.69 (1m)(e)

Change of Venue

Pre Disposition

► Enter the change of venue disposition code - change of venue.

Post Disposition

- If disposition occurs in your county, you would enter the CHIPS Disposition code – CHIPS.
- After entering the Disposition code, then you would enter the Order to Change Venue history event code - OCV.
- ► And then use the change venue tab in CCAP.

Case Closure Orders

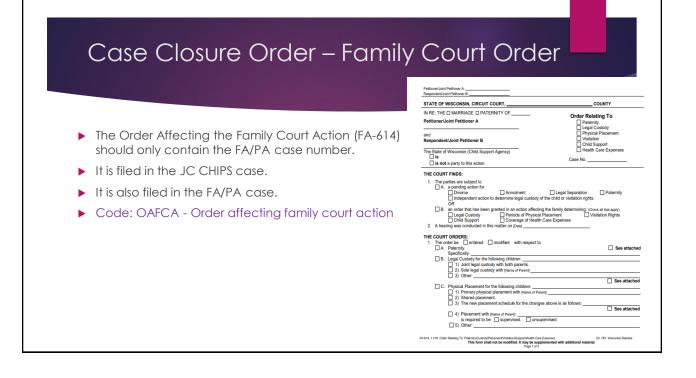
- ▶ A case closure order should be used to terminate the dispositional order in a juvenile court case under Ch. 48 or Ch. 938 where:
 - ▶ the child/juvenile is placed with a parent and
 - ▶ the juvenile court entered a dispositional order and
 - enter a family court order on a pending PA or FA Wisconsin case or
 - modify an existing Wisconsin family court order with regards to paternity, legal custody, physical placement, visitation, child support or payment of healthcare expenses.
- ▶ A hearing is required.
 - ▶ At least 5 days before the hearing, the court shall cause notice of the hearing, together with a copy of the request or proposal.

Case Closure Orders STATE OF WISCONSIN, CIRCUIT COURT, Case Closure Order Case No. ___ ▶ The Case Closure Order (JD-1815) should 1. A dispositional order was made in this case on [Date] 2. The child/juvenile is placed in the home of a parent. only contain the JC case number 3. There is a pending or existing family court action involving the child/juvenile 4. A request for case closure order has been brought pursuant to §§ 48.355(4g) or 938.355(4g), Wis. Stats. ▶ This order is filed in the JC CHIPS case and 5. The hearing on the request was heard on [Date] , which is the effective date of this Order 6. Entry of a case closure order is is not in the best interest of the child/juvenile. ▶ It is also filed in the FA/PA case but it is THE COURT ORDERS The request for case closure order is 1. <u>DENIED</u>. sealed. CRANTED. A The family court order in case humber) is entered or modified as indicated in the attached document (FA-CFI4) is entered or modified as indicated in the attached document (FA-CFI4) is entered or modified as indicated in the attached document (FA-CFI4) C. The clerk of juvenile court shall transmit this Order and the attached family court criter to the court court court court court of the court c Code: CCO - Case closure order case. D This case closure order, excluding the attached family court order, shall be sealed in the record of the family court case unless otherwise ordered in the family court case. E. The clerk of the family court in the cut receiving irraicition in the family court case shall provide the attached family court order to all parties in that action, including the county child support agency. THIS IS A FINAL ORDER FOR THE PURPOSE OF APPEAL IF SIGNED BY A CIRCUIT COURT JUDGE.

JD-1815, 11/17 Case Closure Order

This form shall not be modified. It may be supplemented with additional material.

Page 1 of 1



Orders in Family Court Case

- Provide both orders to the family court in the county where the family court case is pending/pre-existing.
- Family court clerk
 - ▶ File the Case Closure Order (JD-1815)
 - ▶ This order should be sealed unless the family court judge orders that the Case Closure Order (JD-1815) not be sealed
 - ▶ Enter code: OSD Order Sealing Document
 - Also, check the "Sealed" option under the "Restrictions" tab when scanning this order into CCAP.
 - ▶ File the Order Affecting the Family Court Action (FA-614)
 - ▶ Enter code: OAFCA Order affecting family court action
 - Distribute the Order affecting the family court action (FA-614) to all of the parties in the family court case, including the child support agency.

Confidential Foster Parent Information STATE OF WISCONSIN, CIRCUIT COURT, COUNTY IN THE INTEREST OF ☐ Amended Confidential Foster Parent Information If the court finds that disclosure of the After notifying the child's/juvenile's parent or guardian, a hearing was held on identity of the foster parent would result in The court found that disclosure of the identity of the foster parent would result in imminent danger to the child/juvenile or imminent danger to the child/juvenile or The name(s) of the foster parent(s) is/are withheld from Name of Parent. The address of the foster parent(s) is withheld from Name of Parent or Gue foster parent and orders the name and/or Foster Parent Name(s) Complete Address address of the foster parent to be withheld from the parent or guardian, this form This address information is being provided as part of a documents the finding and provides the new case filing; OR court with the foster parent's name and/or change of address address for notice purposes. §§ 48.33 (5) and 48.355 (2)(b)2. The clerk shall maintain this form in a confidential manner. It will not be made available to any other parties in this action

§48.9795 Minor Guardianship Petitions

- Each petition requires a separate filing and own case number.
 - JN-1501 Petition for Appointment of Guardian Full/Limited/Temporary Guardianship
 - ▶ IW-1501 Petition for Appointment of Guardian Full/Limited/Temporary Guardianship-Indian Child Welfare Act
 - ▶ JN-1504 Petition for Appointment of Emergency Guardian
- If two petitions are filed, they can be numbered either: 22 JG 1 & 22 JG 2 or 22 JG 1 & 22 JG 1A

When is a §48.9795 guardianship case stayed?

- ▶ The §48.9795 Full, Limited, or Temporary guardianship case must be stayed until the pending Chapter 48 or 938 case reaches Disposition.
- ▶ It is possible to schedule the CHIPS/JIPS/Delinquency Dispositional Hearing at the same time as the Guardianship Hearing.
- When the history event code / court record event MGS Minor Guardianship Stay is added, the case will be stayed and will stop aging.
 - ▶ The maintenance code stops the case from aging Stay 48.9795 Juv Grdnshp (SG).
- ▶ The history event code / court record event MGRS Minor Guardianship Remove Stay removes the case from Stay 48.9795 Juv Grdnshp (SG) maintenance.

Can a §48.9795 Emergency Guardianship move forward when there is a pending Chapter 48 or 938 case?

- ➤ Yes, an Emergency guardianship can move forward when there is a Chapter 48 or 938 case pending.
- ▶ An Order Appointing an Emergency Guardian may not change the placement of a child under the supervision of a court pursuant to s. 48.13, 48.133, or 48.14 (1) to (10) or (12) or ch. 938.

TPR - GAL or Adversary Counsel?

- ► Guardian ad Litem the court shall appoint a guardian ad litem for any child who is subject to a voluntary or involuntary TPR. § 48.235 (1)(c)
- Adversary Counsel through SPD will appoint if court makes a referral. § 48.23 (3)
- *Children 12 or order must be summoned in TPR case.

TPR - Certified Copies of TPR Order

- ▶ When there is a public TPR (filed by Corporation Counsel, the DA's Office, or the county agency), a certified copy of the TPR order must be sent to the DCF Public Adoption Agency. § 48.43(4).
- ▶ Certified TPR orders should be sent to the DCF Public Adoption Agency.
 - ▶ Addresses can be found in the TPR orders form summaries.
 - Milwaukee TPR order is provided to the worker that stays on for the adoption case.
- ▶ The DCF Public Adoption Agency should also receive notice of any post-TPR change in placement, post-TPR permanency plan hearing, or Notice of TPR appeal when DCF is the guardian of the child.

TPR – Withdrawing Parents from Case

- ▶ Unless there is a local court rules, we recommend withdrawing parents 30 days post-TPR. This will allow the TPR orders to be filed, for attorneys to submit any bills, and for the parent/parent's attorney to e-file any Notice of Intent to Pursue Postdisposition or Appellate Relief.
- A terminated parent should not receive notice of any post-TPR permanency hearings or post-TPR changes in placement.
- If an attorney needs to opt in to review the TPR case before filing the appeal, the attorney should be added as "other" and only be given access for a short time.
- Post-TPR permanency plans and changes in placement should be restricted from "other" parties.

Adoption – GAL or Adversary Counsel?

- ► Guardian ad Litem the court shall appoint a guardian ad litem for any child who is subject to a contested adoption proceeding. § 48.235 (1)(c)
- Adversary Counsel through SPD will appoint if court makes a referral. § 48.23 (3)

Report of Adoption

- This is a DHS form. It is completed by the parties and the court mails it to Vital Records.
 - ▶ It is not filed in the case.
- ► Code: ROA Report of adoption
 - Simply enter that the report was sent to Vital Statistics.

DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SERVICES Division of Public Health

or Public Health 2 (Rev. 05/2021) STATE OF WISCONSI

REPORT OF ADOPTION

- Type or pmm in brack ink. Do not cross-our, whee-over, erase, use correction halo, or correction hape. In a misrake is made, prepare a new tot.
 The clerk of court or deputy shall require the agency or attorney to complete Parts I IV before the final decree of adoption is entered.
 The clerk of court or deputy completes Part V VII and insures that the completed and sealed report is sent to the State Registrar.
- The clerk of court or deputy completes Part V VII and insures th
 If you have questions regarding this form, call 608-266-1373.

YAL Y	Child's Full Birth Name - First	Middle Name	Birth Last Name (as on birth certificate)	Suffix (e.g., Jr., I, II)	
CHILD'S PERSONAL DATA	Date of Birth (MM/DD/YYYY) Sex (Check o	Birthplace - City, Village, or Town	County	State WISCONSIN	
	BIRTH PARENT'S FULL BIRTH NAME				
BIRTH ARENTS' DATA	First Name	Middle Name	Birth Last Name	Suffix (e.g., Jr., I, II)	
R E S	A BIRTH PARENT'S FULL BIRTH NAME				
PA B	First Name	Middle Name	Birth Last Name	Suffix (e.g., Jr., I, II)	
PART					
PART I			ox if the name should not be changed.		
First Nam	ne	Middle Name	Last Name	Suffix (e.g., Jr., I, II)	
PARTI	IV INFORMATION ABOUT PARE	NTS AFTER THE CHILD'S ADOI	PTION (If Stepparent adoption, both parent	s need to be listed).	
	First Name	Middle Name	Current Last Name	Suffix (e.g., Jr., I, II)	
_			Current Last Hame	Sum (e.g., Jr., i, ii)	
z	FULL BIRTH NAME (As it Appears On Birth Record)				
PARENT	First Name	Middle Name	Birth Last Name	Suffix (e.g., Jr., I, II)	
	Date of Birth (MM/DD/YYY)		State of Birth (If not in USA., name of Country)		
	FULL CURRENT NAME				
	First Name	Middle Name	Current Last Name	Suffix (e.g., Jr., I, II)	

REPORT OF ACCIDITION Prop 2 of 2 ACRIT Y COUNTY C

DCF's Adoption Records Search Program

Adoption Records Search Program

ake check or money order payamer to:

and this properly completed, signed, sealed form and a check or money order to:

State Vital Records Office / ATTN: PSSU / P.O. Box 309 / Madis

The Adoption Record Search Program helps adopted persons get information about themselves and their birth relatives. Persons whose birth parents have terminated their parental rights* in Wisconsin can also get information about themselves and their birth relatives.

This information includes:

- · Non-identifying social history information
- Medical and genetic information on birth parents and members of their families This includes routine health information and any known hereditary or degenerative disease
- Most recent names and address of birth parents in Department of Children and Family files
- A copy of the impounded birth certificate (the birth certificate on record before the time of adoption)

The Adoptions Records Search Program is available to:

- Adult adoptees
- · Offspring of adult adoptees
- · Adoptees whose birth parent(s) terminated parental rights when they were minors
- Adoptive parents
- · Birth parents

- DCF has an Adoption Records Search Program
- https://dcf.wisconsin.gov/adopti on/search
- \$40 fee for the program which is sent to DHS

Destruction Dates

- ▶ Destruction dates can be a second check for cases on the purge list. Destruction dates are not required to entered by CCAP.
- ▶ ATTDD Age 22 file destruction date (NC) for JC and JV cases
 - ▶ 4 years after 18th birthday
 - ▶ 75 years if adjudicated for act punishable as felony, misdemeanor with firearm restriction, or sex offender registry requirement
- ▶ Requesting ATFDD age 25 file destruction date (NC) for JG cases
 - 7 years after termination of guardianship or 75 years if firearm restriction was ordered

Discussion Questions

- ▶ What helpful reminders do you use in juvenile cases in CCAP?
- Any other tips anyone wants to share with new juvenile clerks?

Any Questions?

- ► Sandra.Rhead@wicourts.gov
- ► Kristen.Wetzel@wicourts.gov

WRAP-UP

- ✓ Thank you for attending the New Juvenile
 Clerk Orientation
- ✓ Please complete and turn in evaluations
- ✓ Please join us for a group lunch in the PLAZA WEST room (downstairs off the lobby)
- ✓ Enjoy the rest of the conference!

